

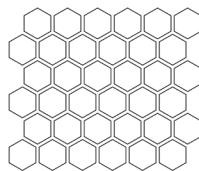
BURKE DECOR



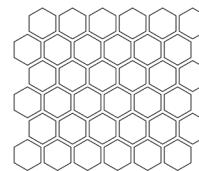
12" x 24" x 3/8"



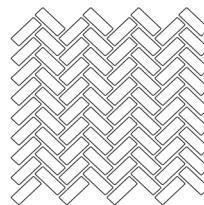
6" x 12" x 3/8"



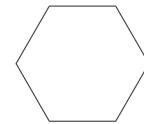
2" Hexagon Tumbled Mosaic
0.9sf / sh



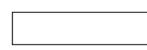
2" Hexagon Mosaic
0.9sf / sh



Mini Herringbone Tumbled
Mosaic- 1sf / sh



5" x 5" x 3/8" Hexagon



4" x 4" x 3/8"

3" x 6" x 3/8"

3" x 12" x 3/8"

4" x 4" x 3/8" Octagon

Applications

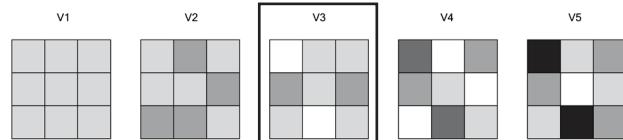
| Interior Floor | Interior Wall | Shower Wall | Shower Floor | Exterior | Pool / Fountain | Fireplace Surround | Commercial | Freeze / Thaw |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|------------|---------------|
| Y | Y | Y | 4"x4" & mosaics | N | N | Y | Light | N |

Durango has a honed finish.
Standard thickness is 3/8". All dimensions are nominal. Sizes may vary. Products are natural stone.

Installation & Maintenance

Variations

| Grout | Thinset | Installation Instructions | Dry Layout | Cleaner |
|-----------|---------|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| Un-sanded | White | TCNA Handbook | Yes | PH neutral |



Indicated is the range of the stone. The higher the number the more variation the tile may exhibit.

Installation & Maintenance Guidelines

Work with a professional natural stone installer. Consult setting material manufacturers such as Bostick, Mapei & Laticrete on suitability of products.

Industry standard suggest ordering at least 20% overage due to breakage, tile cuts, and future repairs.

It is recommended to dry lay all tiles prior to install to achieve the color & pattern desired. Pull from all boxes to achieve best blend.

Veins, natural voids, fissures, variations in color, shade, texture & size are normal in natural stone.

Sealing natural stone is recommended before and after grouting, for an easier clean up.

Sealing your tile regularly may help prevent staining.

Industry standard deems installation as acceptance of material.

Receiving shipment

All products are shipped via common carrier. Ownership of the goods or materials transfers to the buyer at point of shipment. The carrier will reach out to schedule a delivery appointment. In the event that you or your representative are not present to accept a scheduled delivery, a re-delivery charge will be applied prior to arranging the replacement delivery. You or your on-site representatives (general contractor, subcontractors, installer or any person responsible to the property owner regarding the installation of the product) must fully open & inspect all merchandise upon delivery to the job site. Note any damage on the bill of lading before signing it or claims will not be accepted by the carrier or shipper.

Installation

Installation is acceptance of the materials, in its grade, color, finish, & suitability. This is standard in the tile industry. Any concerns should be addressed prior to installation.

Any material questions should be addressed with your natural stone installer first. Please get in touch with us if you have remaining concerns. Color, texture, size, and finish variations are normal in natural stone. If you have any concerns about obvious problems, do not install.

These recommendations are merely meant to point you in the correct direction for a suitable installation. Every project is different; you will need a qualified natural stone installer who can give you the precise specifications for your project. For specific natural stone installation procedures tailored to the requirements of your project, please see the most recent edition of the TCNA Handbook.

- ◊ If you did not order enough, do not start installation until you have all the material on site.
- ◊ Dry Lay all tiles prior to install. Pull from all boxes to achieve the best overall blend of color. All tile requires blending, as they naturally vary from piece to piece. It is the responsibility of the installer to remove materials from packaging & dry lay all materials to obtain the customer's approval of the blend before any tile is installed. This procedure is common practice in the installation of tile & helps ensure the beauty of the finished installation.
- ◊ Only white thinset & unsanded grout should be used. When installing tiles make sure there is 95% or more thinset on the back of the tile to achieve the best bond. For better bonding, wipe the back of each tile to remove any excessive dust.
- ◊ Tiles with imperfections should be set aside & used for cuts. Cut edges can be sanded to remove jaggedness.
- ◊ Recently Installed tile will appear darker after installation. This is due to the moisture from the thinset & is temporary. This may take up to 30 days depending on climate to completely dry.
- ◊ Natural Stone tiles do not require trim pieces. Exposed edges can be honed to match the stone's surface. This should be done before installing the pieces.

SEALING , CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

- ◊ Natural stone over time will patina, this is part of the appeal of using a natural product.
- ◊ Natural Stone needs to be sealed (both before and after grouting) to help defend against stains and aid with water resistance.
- ◊ Always apply natural stone sealer to a small area to ensure the finish is suitable.
- ◊ Natural stone should be sealed in both dry & wet applications.
- ◊ Natural Stone should only be cleaned with mild, pH neutral products.
- ◊ Do not use any scrubbing pads on any stone product.
- ◊ Stone should be cleaned with a clean microfiber cloth, warm water, and a mild pH Neutral soap.
- ◊ Do not use harsh chemicals and items with acids or alkalies.
- ◊ NO BLEACH OR VINEGAR.
- ◊ Using a squeegee after each use will help reduce soap scum.
- ◊ Regularly clean the stone to keep abrasive materials and dirt off, as they may scratch the surface.
- ◊ Keep abrasive items from scratching and dirtying the tile surface.
- ◊ Frequently dust-mop interior floors with a dry, clean, (untreated dust mop).
- ◊ Warm water and a cleaning brush (non metal bristles) can be used to clean grout lines.
- ◊ For more info please visit www.naturalstoneinstitute.org/consumers/care/

Wet Area Applications

With the use of a waterproofing, penetrating sealer, Natural Stone can be used on backsplashes, baths, showers. Substrate behind the tile in a wet area needs to be completely waterproofed. This should be done by a professional.

- ◊ Behind / under the tile, a waterproof membrane is REQUIRED.
- ◊ Grout is required in between grout joints.
- ◊ Waterproof membrane should be tested & determined "leak proof" by a professional before installing material.
- ◊ Installed tile should be sealed with a waterproof, penetrating sealer.
- ◊ Tiles no larger than 4"x4" should be installed on a shower floor.
- ◊ Mosaics are ideal for shower floors as they provide more traction due to the amount of grout lines.
- ◊ Due to the constant water exposure, all installed shower tile should be sealed at least twice a year.